

Welcome to

BRONZclay™

BRONZclay™ bracelet
created by Celie Fago

An introduction to the tools & techniques
for working with BRONZclay™



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The Next Bronze Age



BRONZclay™ bowl created
by Jeanette Landenwisch

Welcome to the next step in the evolution of metal clay: BRONZclay™! BRONZclay provides an incredible artistic range. And, because it's bronze, it's so affordable, it can be used to sculpt large pieces and create specialized tools—it can even be thrown on a potter's wheel to shape bronze hollowware. Available in generous 100- and 200-gram blocks, BRONZclay allows the artist to experiment with how far (and big!) designs can go.

BRONZclay can be pinched, rolled, sculpted, and manipulated. In its dried state, it's still highly flexible and easy to carve—an ideal canvas for applying details and finishing touches prior to firing. When fired in a kiln (as outlined in this booklet),

the binder vaporizes, leaving a solid, pure bronze object that can be sawn, shaped, drilled, sanded, patinaed or soldered using traditional jewelry tools and techniques. This exciting medium offers a new world of possibilities for jewelry-makers, artists and sculptors.

The Art of Metallurgy

As the metal of choice as far back as 3500BC, bronze delivered more strength and durability than iron and commanded a higher price. Every day, bronze artifacts are unearthed, still in excellent condition, still rich in color, full of history and representing an incredible combination of skill and art.



BRONZclay™ bracelet
created by Celie Fago

Growing up, Bill Struve, the inventor of BRONZEclay™, thought about being a physicist or maybe a psychiatrist, but he wasn't interested in math or medical school. Instead, he earned a doctorate in classical chemistry and a master's in electrical engineering, working 20 years in each field before embarking on a third career: art, in the form of metallurgy.

His desire to produce a new medium for his wife to use in creating strong, durable and wearable jewelry inspired Bill to experiment for countless hours before achieving success with BRONZclay™. As Bill developed BRONZclay, one of his goals was to keep its ingredients safe to use. Another was to keep the tools needed for working with the clay simple: nothing fancy, just the basics, a kiln and the artist's imagination. BRONZclay would be a gift to the artist, a new addition to the tool box.

Although Bill has earned many letters to follow his name, he considers those he ascribed to himself to the most accurate: "P.M.H." (Philosopher, Maker, Helper). Striving for perfection, he achieved excellence in the form of a piece of clay—open to artistic opportunity, bursting with creative potential. Welcome to BRONZclay™—it's time to play!

The Right Formula

BRONZclay™ consists of 11% tin, 89% copper, water and non-toxic binding materials. The binding materials vaporize completely during the kiln-firing process, leaving a solid bronze piece with a density 90% that of cast bronze.

Commercial Bronze vs. BRONZclay™

BRONZclay™ is true bronze (although a bit less dense) and is composed of tin and copper, not the brass form that you see in most commercial bronze.



BRONZclay™ and PMC® ear wires created by Hadar Jacobson

And, coming soon! Rio will carry bronze wire ideal for using with and incorporating into BRONZclay™ designs. Watch our website for the earliest debut of this new product!

Tips for Working with BRONZclay™

BRONZclay™, like any clay, is highly workable; but, because it is a metal clay, it has its own characteristics as well. Here are some tips for working with BRONZclay:

- When you're not using BRONZclay™, keep it tightly wrapped in plastic and sealed in a plastic bag for extra protection against drying. Store all BRONZclay in a refrigerator and keep it refrigerated until you're ready to use it. Refrigerate the clay between sessions, too.
- Rub a dab of olive oil on your hands and tools before you begin working with the clay.
- BRONZclay™ tends to dry quickly. You'll notice the clay stiffening and cracking when it begins to dry. While working the clay, refresh it periodically with a small amount of water using a spray bottle or brush.
- Keep pieces wrapped in plastic and placed to the side when they are not actively being worked.
- Avoid using tools that absorb water.
- After prolonged exposure to air, BRONZclay™ develops a black surface. Scrape away this black layer until you reach the useable clay, which will be unaffected and ready to use.



BRONZclay™ & PMC® pendant created by Hadar Jacobson

Forming BRONZclay™



Rio tool kit #111-411

Just the Beginning . . .

The list below is just a small sample of the tools you can use on BRONZclay™. See your *Rio Grande Tools & Equipment* catalog for a wide selection of hand tools to use with your BRONZclay.

Basic Tools

Sheets of plastic or glass make terrific and portable work surfaces. Use mylar sheets, page dividers or plastic signs. Most artists start with:

- water dish with sponge
- paintbrush
- plastic rolling tube
- drinking straws
- rubber-tipped shaping tool
- playing cards (spacers)
- needle
- knife
- ruler
- toothpicks

Using simple tools and your own talented fingers, roll, press, form and sculpt BRONZclay™ into any desired shape. Clay elements can be added, removed and refined as you go, making this a spontaneous and highly creative process. Keep the tips on page 3 in mind as you form your piece.

Suggested Hand Tools

One of the best things about BRONZclay™ is that you can find tools to work the clay just about anywhere—around the house, in the studio or shop, the kitchen, the office, the toy box and the great outdoors. In fact, you'll find yourself always on the look-out for everyday objects that can become the next great tool for enhancing your designs.

Specialty Tools

As your interest grows, you'll find yourself adding tools to your collection. In addition to your own discoveries, you might find these useful:

- magnifiers
- stiff flat brush
- rubber stamps
- texture plates
- plastic design templates
- blacking patina solution
- small chisels
- files
- tweezers
- tissue blade
- emery boards
- potter's wheel

Keep Your Tools in Shape!

If you're also a PMC® artist, never use *non-washable* tools (files, abrasive papers, etc.) on both PMC and BRONZclay™ projects. Keep a separate set of these tools reserved exclusively for BRONZclay.



Basic Forming Techniques

- Rub a few drops of olive oil on your palms and tools before starting to keep the clay moist and to keep them from sticking to the clay.
- To make sheets, use a roller and stir sticks or two equal stacks of playing cards on each side of the lump to make a uniform thickness (thicknesses of 3–6 cards are typical for jewelry items).
- A knife, X-Acto® blade or playing card edge can be used to lift the pieces off the sheet.
- To join parts, set them close together and apply a drop of water and slip with a pointed brush. Let the water penetrate for a few seconds, then firmly press the parts together and hold them in place for several seconds.
- To achieve textures, press the BRONZclay™ against a rough surface or roll the surface over a sheet of BRONZclay. Even simple objects such as bottle caps create interesting trails, and leaves, bark and wood offer many possibilities.
- One way to make a pendant bail is to roll out a slender rod and form it into a loop. Cut off the ends to make a solid attachment, moisten with water and press it into position.
- To make rings, wrap enough wide tape around a dowel to create a form of the correct size (remember to allow roughly 20% for shrinkage). Cover the form with plastic wrap and create your ring. When it is finished (and preferably before the clay dries), slide the ring off.

Note: If the BRONZclay™ becomes dry as you work, spray or brush on a little water (not too much!) and cover it with plastic wrap for a few minutes to allow it to rehydrate. If you add too much water, just set the clay aside, loosely wrapped, and allow it to dry out.



Use stirring sticks as a thickness gauge.



Use a sharp edge to cut BRONZclay™.



Use just about anything to add texture.



Roll out a slim rod to form a bail.

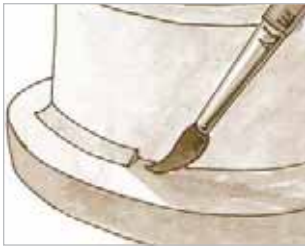


BRONZclay™ pendant created by Hadar Jacobson

Making and Using Slip



Use slip to fill small cracks that can appear as the piece dries.



Use slip to fill between elements.

Making Slip

Slip will quickly become one of your favorite tools for working with BRONZclay™, and it's easy to make. Simply mix tiny pieces of clay (filings, small fresh or dried pieces, etc.) with water (we recommend distilled water) until you reach a toothpaste consistency. Keep your slip stored in a sealed container; stir before using. **Note:** Slip lasts for about one week, so make only enough for your immediate need.

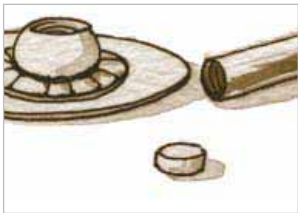
Making Repairs

Because of its strength, BRONZclay™ slip is suitable for attaching parts, repairing breaks and reinforcing delicate areas such as the point where a loop attaches to a pendant.

Transitioning

Use slip to fill between elements when creating an organic effect.

Adding Stones



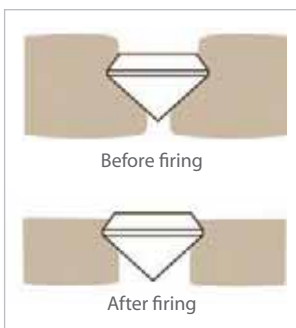
Create a seat to hold a faceted stone.

Add CZs or certain lab-created stones to BRONZclay™ to add design versatility. Because these particular gems are composed of laboratory-grown corundum, spinel or CZ, and are created at very high temperatures, they will not be damaged during firing. We do not recommend firing precious natural stones, most glass objects or any organic material such as pearl, opal, bone, shell and wood.

Important: Never fire a doublet.

To Set a Small Faceted Stone

1. Prepare a seat or rim that will provide enough metal to surround the stone. This can be added to a completed form or built into the original design.
2. Make a conical hole with a pencil point or similar tool.
3. Use a straw or similar tool to remove clay from beneath the stone.
4. Set the stone in place and press it down until the table is below the surface of the work. Remember that the clay around and under the stone will contract, squeezing the stone upward.
5. Fire as usual; cool in the oven to prevent thermal shock.



Set the stone deeply into the clay to compensate for shrinkage.

Making Molds and More

BRONZclay™ lends itself easily to working with molds you make yourself or with commercially made molds. Molds allow for repeated elements and the production of multiples. Hollow forms allow your work to be light. Here are some ideas for molds:

Soap

A simple way to get started is to carve a pattern into a bar of soap. Press BRONZclay™ into the depression, peel it away, and you have a molded form. If you don't like the result, re-work the carving and try again. Need a dozen? It's a simple matter of repetition.

Rubber Molds

Hobby shops sell a variety of molds intended for candy, candles and plaster. Specialty kitchen shops may be a good source for interesting cookie, butter or gelatin molds. All will work for BRONZclay™.

To make your own molds, buy a two-part silicone mold compound (such as Rio Cold-Mold™, shown at right). Most molds do not need lubrication, but if the clay sticks, spray the mold lightly with an aerosol cooking oil.



Combine equal parts of Cold-Mold™ silicone compound into a flexible putty that you can use to create your mold.



BRONZclay™ & PMC® pendant created by Hadar Jacobson



Cooking molds are ideal for use with BRONZclay™.



Rio Cold-Mold™ compound, 1 lb. #701-046



BRONZclay™ necklace created by Jeanette Landenwitch

Drying BRONZclay™



BRONZclay™ & PMC® pendant
created by Hadar Jacobson

You will need to dry your BRONZclay™ piece thoroughly before firing to prevent moisture in the clay from expanding and creating defects during firing.

To dry the piece, gently place it on a warming surface such as a coffee mug warmer or a vegetable dehydrator.

When dry, the clay will be leather-hard, making it flexible and amenable to finishing touches such as filing, drilling, sanding and carving. After firing, this work is more time-consuming, so take advantage of this pre-fired stage to do as much of your detailed finishing work as possible.

Firing BRONZclay™



Rio 120-volt kiln #703-117



Firing pan; 7" x 6 1/2" x 4"
703-202

Coal-based, acid-washed carbon
703-204

Coconut shell-based carbon
703-205

Firing BRONZclay™ is a two-step process that uses low heat to prepare the kiln's atmosphere, then high heat to sinter the alloy. BRONZclay must be fired in a kiln. During firing, the non-toxic binder vaporizes, leaving a solid, pure bronze object. **Note:** Make sure your piece is completely dry before firing; it's not a problem for the piece to dry for weeks before firing, but firing a piece while it's still damp can cause the moisture to expand, creating blisters.

To reduce oxidation, the BRONZclay™ piece(s) must be surrounded by activated carbon during firing. The coconut shell-based carbon (#703-205) produces a natural bronze (terra cotta) color; the coal-based, acid-washed carbon (#703-204) produces a colorful range of patinas.

To Fire BRONZclay™:

- 1) Spread 1" of activated carbon granules on the bottom of a stainless steel firing pan (#703-202).
- 2) Place the piece on top of the layer; if firing two or more pieces, leave at least 1/2" between pieces; leave more if the pieces are larger.

Note: Most kilns are cooler in the front near the door, so the front of your firing pan will be cooler than the back and sides. Compensate for this by placing pieces closer to the sides and back of the firing container. If you're using a top-loading kiln, there's no need to adjust.

Firing BRONZclay™ (continued)

- 3) Pour more activated carbon granules on top of the piece until the container is full, making sure there is at least a 1/2" layer of granules on top of the piece. If you are firing several pieces in layers, make sure there is at least 1/2" of space between the vertical layers as well.
- 4) Cover the firing pan with its lid and place it in the kiln on stilts to allow good heat circulation.



Gloves; 12" L
Ladies' 350-051
Men's 350-050

Firing Schedule:

For pieces 3mm (6 cards) thick or less:

Ramp at 500°F/hour to 1550°F and hold for 2 hours (total firing time, including ramp-time, will be between 4 and 5 hours).

For pieces thicker than 3mm (6 cards):

Ramp at 250°F/hour to 1550°F and hold for 3 hours (total firing time, including ramp-time, will be about 9 hours).

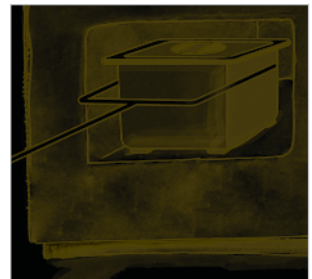
Note: The firing schedule for thicker pieces will work fine for thin pieces should you have both thicknesses in your firing pan.



Stainless steel fork; 36" L
Coming Soon!

⚠ Warning! The firing pan will be extremely hot; do not touch! Allow the pan to cool completely before removing the lid. We recommend wearing heat-resistant gloves such as Rio 12" welding gloves (#350-051 and #350-050) while removing the firing pan.

- 5) The firing pan should be allowed to cool completely before removing it from the kiln; however, if you need to use your kiln again right away, you can move the pan to a heat-resistant surface (e.g.: a soldering pad or ceramic tile) and allow it to cool there.
- 6) Once the firing pan and carbon have cooled, remove the BRONZclay™ pieces from the carbon bed and place them on a heat-resistant surface to finish cooling. You can re-use the activated carbon until you notice it starting to break down (broken grains and a sooty appearance).
Note: If there are no stones embedded in the piece, it can be quenched in water.



The stainless steel lifting fork is ideal for removing a hot firing pan from your kiln. Gently slide the fork tines around the bottom half of the firing pan and lift the fork until the tines engage the lip at the top of the pan. Carefully lift the pan from the kiln and set it on a heat-resistant surface to cool.

Finishing BRONZclay™



BRONZclay™ bowls created
by Jeanette Landenwitch

Once fired, the BRONZclay™ piece is solid metal and, like any other metal, it can be sawn, drilled, sanded, patinaed or soldered using traditional jewelry tools and materials.

Hand-Burnishing

Perhaps the most basic (and rewarding) way to polish BRONZclay™ is to rub it with any hard, smooth object. Commercial burnishers offer a time-tested tool shape held in a comfortable handle, but you can use knitting needles, teaspoons or polished wood nails. Rub the piece in all directions to bring out a shine. Follow this with a polishing cloth to smooth away burnishing marks.

Spectrum™ Finishing Papers

The screen mesh structure of Spectrum™ finishing papers resists loading to increase their effectiveness and help extend service life. Each sheet is reversible, doubling its useable surface area. The synthetic fiber backing of carefully graded white aluminum oxide abrasive can be used wet or dry and is especially effective on BRONZclay™. Sheets measure 8¹/₄" x 11".

Scratch-Brushing

Brushes made from very thin stainless steel wires can be used to burnish BRONZclay™. Lubricate the brush with any sort of soap and work under a slow drizzle of water. Scrub in all directions. Scratch-brushing can be used in conjunction with any other technique.

Mass Finishing

A rotary tumbler is a mechanical device in which hundreds of steel balls and rods cascade against jewelry objects as they rotate in a drum like a miniature clothes dryer. Using this method, many pieces can be finished at once with minimal individual handling. A magnetic finisher with steel rods is also a very effective choice.



Set of three burnishers
#113-033



Spectrum™ polishing papers
#337-216



Steel bristle brush
#113-171



Rotary tumbler; 1 qt.
#202-140

Health & Safety

Safely Working With BRONZclay™

Issues of safety do not arise from BRONZclay™ itself, but rather in the firing/sintering process due to the use of high-temperature kilns. Kilns should be positioned on a sturdy, stable surface, away from combustible materials, with a foot of open space on all sides. Take special precautions if the kiln is in an area where animals or young children may come in contact with it.



BRONZclay™ pendants and components created by Yvonne M. Padilla

The binder in BRONZclay™ is non-toxic, and no toxic fumes will be present during firing. Though rare, it is possible for some individuals to experience some sensitivity to BRONZclay. We recommend wearing a dust mask while working with the activated carbon.

As always, when working around high heat, wear appropriate clothing and avoid loose or dangling clothes and clothes made with synthetic fabrics. There is little reason to look into a hot kiln for any length of time, but if you do, wear appropriate eye protection; we recommend our kiln safety glasses (#350-042; see your *Rio Grande Tools & Equipment* catalog or visit riogrande.com).

Please access and read the online MSDS for BRONZclay™ at bronzclay.com.

Storage & Shelf Life

BRONZclay™ is sealed in an air-tight foil pouch to preserve its freshness. Use this package or a good-quality plastic wrap (or both) to keep your clay moist. It is good practice to take out only what you will use within a few minutes and to add a few drops of water to the lump at the end of each work session. Keep BRONZclay refrigerated when not in use.

BRONZclay™ can be rehydrated if it dries out, though it can be difficult to achieve the homogenous consistency of fresh BRONZclay. To restore dry material, pierce the lump with several holes or dice it into small pieces. Add water and knead, then seal the clay and water in an airtight container. Set the container aside to allow the water to penetrate; allow at least one full day, more if the clay was very dry. With the clay still wrapped in plastic, knead repeatedly to force the water into the dense metal structure. If you find you have added too much water, spread the BRONZclay on a piece of plastic, glass or waxed paper and allow it to dry to a useable consistency.

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See your *Rio Grande Gems & Findings* or *Tools & Equipment* catalogs for BRONZclay™ products, tools and supplies. Call toll-free 800.545.6566 or visit riogrande.com to order.



Rio Grande®

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Albuquerque, NM 87121

To order BRONZclay™ products, tools and supplies or for expert technical support:

800.545.6566 (toll-free)

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